### TaSSAT: Transfer and Share SAT

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## Local Search and DDFW Overview

Dozens of local search algorithms for SAT

- On various problems much faster than CDCL
- Most algorithms use local flips (to be prob. complete)
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Arguably the best weight transfer algorithm is DDFW

- Divide and Distribute Fixed Weights
- ▶ Original solver by Ishtaiwi et al. (2005) was never released
- Tompkins reverse engineered the details for UBCSAT
- Various papers mention effectiveness of DDFW in UBCSAT

# Weight Transfer Heuristics

Key heuristic: transfer weight from neighboring clauses

- Clauses are neighboring if they share a literal
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Divide and Distribute Fixed Weights (DDFW) heuristics

- Weight initialization  $W(C) = w_0 = 8$
- Transfer weights if no weight-reducing variable to flip
- ▶ Transfer a weight of 1 if  $W(C_{\text{satisfied}}) = w_0$
- Transfer a weight of 2 if  $W(C_{\text{satisfied}}) > w_0$

## New Weight Transfer Heuristics

Divide and Distribute Fixed Weights (DDFW) heuristics

- Weight initialization  $W(C) = w_0 = 8$  (int)
- Transfer weights if no weight-reducing variable to flip
- ▶ Transfer a weight of 1 if  $W(C_{\text{satisfied}}) = w_0$
- ▶ Transfer a weight of 2 if  $W(C_{\text{satisfied}}) > w_0$

Linear Weight Transfer heuristics [NFM 2023]

- Weight initialization  $W(C) = w_0$  (float)
- Transfer weights if no weight-reducing variable to flip
- ▶ Transfer a weight of  $p_{init} \times w_0$  if  $W(C_{satisfied}) = w_0$
- Otherwise a weight of  $p_{\text{base}} \times w_0 + p_{\text{curr}} \times W(C_{\text{satisfied}})$

## Optimizing the Parameters

PAR-2: average runtime with timeout counted as  $2 \times$  timeout



Observations:

 $\blacktriangleright$  Combining  $p_{\rm base}$  (basepct) and  $p_{\rm curr}$  (currpct) is best

Max p<sub>init</sub> (initpct), i.e., taking all weight, is best

#### TaSSAT

Solvers used for runtime comparison

- ▶ TaSSAT: The solver presented in this talk/paper
- ► YalSAT-Lin: Weight transfer with NFM'23 paper heuristics
- ► YalSAT-DDFW: Weight transfer with DDFW heuristics
- ▶ YalSAT-ProbSAT: Default YalSAT
- ▶ UBCSAT-DDFW: Only public implementation of DDFW

## Results on SAT Competition Benchmarks



# Data-Structure Sharing

PalSAT:

- Each tread reads / stores / preprocesses formula
- Redundant computation
- Large memory footprint

PaSSAT:

- Master thread reads / stores / preprocesses formula
- Shared clause database and lookup table
- Large memory reduction when using many cores

#### Results on van der Waerden Numbers

Color the numbers 1 to  $n \ \text{red}$  and blue without

- arithmetic progress of length 3 in red
- ▶ arithmetic progress of length k in blue

Best known results by Ahmed et al. using parallel SAT

- used DDFW in UBCSAT
- some bounds obtained by enforcing symmetries

$result \setminus k$	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
Known	930	1006	1063	1143	1204	1257	1338	1378	1418
PaSSAT	<b>953</b>	<b>1011</b>	<b>1071</b>	<b>1145</b>	<b>1208</b>	<b>1260</b>	<b>1341</b>	<b>1380</b>	<b>1419</b>

## Conclusions

TaSSAT: Arguably the best SAT-based local search solver

- open source: https://github.com/solimul/tassat
- best SLS performance on SAT Competition benchmarks
- improved many van der Waerden lower bounds
- PaSSAT has reduced memory footprint

Future work

- Communication between threads (e.g. sharing assignments)
- Combining TaSSAT with CDCL
- Further improve heuristics